Uniform Mitigation Verification Inspection Form

	is form and any do	cumentation pro	vided with the insurance	e poncy	
Inspection Date:					
Owner Information Owner Name:			Contact Person:		
Address:				Home Phone:	
City:	Zip:		Work Phone:		
County:	Zip.		Cell Phone:		
Insurance Company:			Policy #:		
Year of Home:	# of Stories:		Email:		
NOTE: Any documentation used in validating the compliance or existence of each construction or mitigation attribute must accompany this form. At least one photograph must accompany this form to validate each attribute marked in questions 3 though 7. The insurer may ask additional questions regarding the mitigated feature(s) verified on this form.					
1. <u>Building Code</u> : Was the structure built in compliance with the Florida Building Code (FBC 2001 or later) OR for homes located in the HVHZ (Miami-Dade or Broward counties), South Florida Building Code (SFBC-94)? A Puilt in compliance with the EBC: Year Built. For homes built in 2002/2002 provide a parent amplication with					
A. Built in compliance with the FBC: Year Built For homes built in 2002/2003 provide a permit application with a date after 3/1/2002: Building Permit Application Date (MM/DD/YYYY)///					
B. For the HVHZ Only: Built in compliance with the SFBC-94: Year Built For homes built in 1994, 1995, and 1996 provide a permit application with a date after 9/1/1994: Building Permit Application Date (MM/DD/YYYY)/// C. Unknown or does not meet the requirements of Answer "A" or "B"					
—	•		un data OD EDC/MDC Duada	est Ammarial mismban	
 Roof Covering: Select all roof covering OR Year of Original Installation/Replace covering identified. 					
	Application Date	FBC or MDC Product Approval #	Year of Original Installation or Replacement	No Information Provided for Compliance	
1. Asphalt/Fiberglass Shingle				\sqcup	
2. Concrete/Clay Tile					
	/				
4. Built Up				H	
<u> </u>					
	/			H	
A. All roof coverings listed above meet the FBC with a FBC or Miami-Dade Product Approval listing current at time of installation OR have a roofing permit application date on or after 3/1/02 OR the roof is original and built in 2004 or later.					
B. All roof coverings have a Miamiroofing permit application after 9/1/2					
C. One or more roof coverings do no	*		· "B".		
D. No roof coverings meet the requir	rements of Answer "A"	' or "B".			
3. Roof Deck Attachment : What is the wes	akest form of roof decl	k attachment?			
A. Plywood/Oriented strand board (6 by staples or 6d nails spaced at 6" a shinglesOR- Any system of screw mean uplift less than that required for	along the edge and 12's, nails, adhesives, oth	' in the fieldOR- er deck fastening sy	Batten decking supporting v	vood shakes or wood	
B. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16"inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24"inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 12" inches in the fieldOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent or greater resistance 8d nails spaced a maximum of 12 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least 103 psf.					
C. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16" inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24" inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6" inches in the fieldOR- Dimensional lumber/Tongue & Groove decking with a minimum of 2 nails per board (or 1 nail per board if each board is equal to or less than 6 inches in width)OR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent					
Inspectors Initials Property Address	3				

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or greater resistance than 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at leas 182 psf.
D. Reinforced Concrete Roof Deck.
E. Other:
F. Unknown or unidentified.
G. No attic access.
4. Roof to Wall Attachment: What is the WEAKEST roof to wall connection? (Do not include attachment of hip/valley jacks within 5 feet of the inside or outside corner of the roof in determination of WEAKEST type) A. Toe Nails
Truss/rafter anchored to top plate of wall using nails driven at an angle through the truss/rafter and attached the top plate of the wall, or
Metal connectors that do not meet the minimal conditions or requirements of B, C, or D
Minimal conditions to qualify for categories B, C, or D. All visible metal connectors are:
Secured to truss/rafter with a minimum of three (3) nails, and
Attached to the wall top plate of the wall framing, or embedded in the bond beam, with less than a ½" gap from the blocking or truss/rafter and blocked no more than 1.5" of the truss/rafter, and free of visible severe corrosion.
B. Clips
Metal connectors that do not wrap over the top of the truss/rafter, or
Metal connectors with a minimum of 1 strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and does not meet the na position requirements of C or D, but is secured with a minimum of 3 nails.
C. Single Wraps Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with minimum of 2 nails on the front side and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side.
D. Double Wraps
Metal Connectors consisting of 2 separate straps that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or
Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wall on both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of three nails on each side.
E. Structural Anchor bolts structurally connected or reinforced concrete roof.
F. Other:
G. Unknown or unidentified
H. No attic access
5. Roof Geometry: What is the roof shape? (Do not consider roofs of porches or carports that are attached only to the fascia or wall of the host structure over unenclosed space in the determination of roof perimeter or roof area for roof geometry classification).
A. Hip Roof Hip roof with no other roof shapes greater than 10% of the total roof system perimeter.
B. Flat Roof Roof on a building with 5 or more units where at least 90% of the main roof area has a roof slope of less than 2:12. Roof area with slope less than 2:12sq ft; Total roof areasq ft
C. Other Roof Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) or (B) above.
6. <u>Secondary Water Resistance (SWR)</u> : (standard underlayments or hot-mopped felts do not qualify as an SWR)
A. SWR (also called Sealed Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the
sheathing or foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the dwelling from water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.
B. No SWR. C. Unknown or undetermined.
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7. **Opening Protection:** What is the **weakest** form of wind borne debris protection installed on the structure? **First**, use the table to determine the weakest form of protection for each category of opening. Second, (a) check one answer below (A, B, C, N, or X) based upon the lowest protection level for ALL Glazed openings and (b) check the protection level for all Non-Glazed openings (.1, .2, or .3) as applicable. Non-Glazed **Opening Protection Level Chart Glazed Openings** Openings Place an "X" in each row to identify all forms of protection in use for each Windows opening type. Check only one answer below (A thru X), based on the weakest Glass Entry Garage Garage or Entry Skylights form of protection (lowest row) for any of the Glazed openings and indicate **Doors** Block **Doors Doors Doors** the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for Non-Glazed openings. Not Applicable- there are no openings of this type on the structure Α Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (9-lb for windows doors/4.5 lb for skylights) Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (4-8 lb for windows doors/2 lb for skylights) C Verified plywood/OSB meeting Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007 Verified Non-Glazed Entry or Garage doors indicating compliance with ASTM E D 330, ANSI/DASMA 108, or PA/TAS 202 for wind pressure resistance Opening Protection products that appear to be A or B but are not verified Ν Other protective coverings that cannot be identified as A, B, or C Х No Windborne Debris Protection A. Exterior Openings Cyclic Pressure and 9-lb Large Missile (4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected at a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as wind borne debris protection devices in the product approval system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure and Large Missile Impact" (Level A in the table above). Miami-Dade County PA 201, 202, and 203 Florida Building Code Testing Application Standard (TAS) 201, 202, and 203 American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 Southern Standards Technical Document (SSTD) 12 For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 For Garage Doors Only: ANSI/DASMA 115 A.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist A.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above A.3 One or More Non-Glazed Openings is classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above B. Exterior Opening Protection- Cyclic Pressure and 4 to 8-lb Large Missile (2-4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected, at a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as windborne debris protection devices in the product approval system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure and Large Missile Impact" (Level B in the table above): ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile – 4.5 lb.) SSTD 12 (Large Missile – 4 lb. to 8 lb.) For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile - 2 to 4.5 lb.) B.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A or B in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist B.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above B.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above C. Exterior Opening Protection-Wood Structural Panels meeting FBC 2007 All Glazed openings are covered with plywood/OSB meeting the requirements of Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007 (Level C in the table above). C.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A, B, or C in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist C.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level N or X in the table above C.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level N or X in the table above

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N. Exterior Opening Protection (unverified shutter	systems with no do	ocumentation) All Glazed openings are protected with			
protective coverings not meeting the requirements of A with no documentation of compliance (Level N in the tax	nswer "A", "B", or				
N.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as Level A, B, C, o	,	e. or no Non-Glazed openings exist			
N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level		*			
table above					
N.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Lev	vel X in the table above	e			
X. None or Some Glazed Openings One or more Glazed openings classified and Level X in the table above.					
MITIGATION INSPECTIONS MUST I	BE CERTIFIED BY	A QUALIFIED INSPECTOR.			
Section 627.711(2), Florida Statutes, prov					
Qualified Inspector Name:	License Type:	License or Certificate #:			
Inspection Company:		Phone:			
Qualified Inspector – I hold an active license as a	a: (check one)				
Home inspector licensed under Section 468.8314, Florida Statut training approved by the Construction Industry Licensing Board	tes who has completed				
Building code inspector certified under Section 468.607, Florida					
General, building or residential contractor licensed under Section 489.111, Florida Statutes.					
Professional engineer licensed under Section 471.015, Florida S	tatutes.				
Professional architect licensed under Section 481.213, Florida S	tatutes.				
Any other individual or entity recognized by the insurer as possed verification form pursuant to Section 627.711(2), Florida Statuto	essing the necessary ques.	ualifications to properly complete a uniform mitigation			
Individuals other than licensed contractors licensed under	Section 489.111, F	lorida Statutes, or professional engineer licensed			
under Section 471.015, Florida Statutes, must inspect the s					
Licensees under s.471.015 or s.489.111 may authorize a direxperience to conduct a mitigation verification inspection.	rect employee who	possesses the requisite skin, knowledge, and			
	and I nersonally ne	rformed the inspection or (licensed			
(print name)	ind I personany pe	Trormed the hispection of (actused			
contractors and professional engineers only) I had my empl) perform the inspection			
and I agree to be responsible for his/her work.	(prir	nt name of inspector)			
Qualified Inspector Signature:	Date				
Quantied inspector Signature:	Date	<u> </u>			
	An individual or entity who knowingly or through gross negligence provides a false or fraudulent mitigation verification form is				
subject to investigation by the Florida Division of Insurance Fraud and may be subject to administrative action by the					
	ce Fraud and may	be subject to administrative action by the			
appropriate licensing agency or to criminal prosecution. (S	ce Fraud and may Section 627.711(4)-	be subject to administrative action by the (7), Florida Statutes) The Qualified Inspector who			
	ce Fraud and may Section 627.711(4)-	be subject to administrative action by the (7), Florida Statutes) The Qualified Inspector who			
appropriate licensing agency or to criminal prosecution. (Secretifies this form shall be directly liable for the misconduction performed the inspection.	ce Fraud and may Section 627.711(4)- ct of employees as i	be subject to administrative action by the (7), Florida Statutes) The Qualified Inspector who if the authorized mitigation inspector personally			
appropriate licensing agency or to criminal prosecution. (Secretifies this form shall be directly liable for the misconduction performed the inspection. Homeowner to complete: I certify that the named Qualified residence identified on this form and that proof of identification.	Section 627.711(4)- ct of employees as i	be subject to administrative action by the (7), Florida Statutes) The Qualified Inspector who if the authorized mitigation inspector personally or her employee did perform an inspection of the ne or my Authorized Representative.			
appropriate licensing agency or to criminal prosecution. (Secretifies this form shall be directly liable for the misconduction performed the inspection. Homeowner to complete: I certify that the named Qualifies	Section 627.711(4)- ct of employees as i	be subject to administrative action by the (7), Florida Statutes) The Qualified Inspector who if the authorized mitigation inspector personally or her employee did perform an inspection of the ne or my Authorized Representative.			
appropriate licensing agency or to criminal prosecution. (Secretifies this form shall be directly liable for the misconduction performed the inspection. Homeowner to complete: I certify that the named Qualified residence identified on this form and that proof of identification.	Section 627.711(4)- ct of employees as i	be subject to administrative action by the (7), Florida Statutes) The Qualified Inspector who if the authorized mitigation inspector personally or her employee did perform an inspection of the ne or my Authorized Representative.			
appropriate licensing agency or to criminal prosecution. (Secretifies this form shall be directly liable for the misconduction performed the inspection. Homeowner to complete: I certify that the named Qualified residence identified on this form and that proof of identification.	Section 627.711(4)- ct of employees as it ed Inspector or his or on was provided to n Date: a false or frauduler	be subject to administrative action by the (7), Florida Statutes) The Qualified Inspector who if the authorized mitigation inspector personally or her employee did perform an inspection of the ne or my Authorized Representative. Int mitigation verification form with the intent to			
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appropriate licensing agency or to criminal prosecution. (Secretifies this form shall be directly liable for the misconduction performed the inspection. Homeowner to complete: I certify that the named Qualifier residence identified on this form and that proof of identification Signature: An individual or entity who knowingly provides or utters a obtain or receive a discount on an insurance premium to wo of the first degree. (Section 627.711(7), Florida Statutes) The definitions on this form are for inspection purposes or	ce Fraud and may Section 627.711(4)-cet of employees as it and the section of the	be subject to administrative action by the (7), Florida Statutes) The Qualified Inspector who if the authorized mitigation inspector personally or her employee did perform an inspection of the ne or my Authorized Representative. Int mitigation verification form with the intent to all or entity is not entitled commits a misdemeanor used to certify any product or construction feature			

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